## **REMARKS/ARGUMENTS**

In the Office Action dated June 21, 2004, the Examiner 1) objected to claims 2-4 for informalities; 2) rejected to the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph for being indefinite; and 3) rejected claims 1-5 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,109,824, issued to *Annès*. In order to address some of the language concerns pointed out by the Examiner, the Applicant cancels claims 1-5 and presents new claims 6-12.

The claims have been amended to include the lower portion of the frame as having an inclined wall which allows the frame to be capable of positioning itself at an angle relative to the axis of the tubular section when there is ground movement. This feature is described in the disclosure, for example at paragraph [00027], lines 4-5, and is also illustrated in the drawings, see for example Figure 1, element 2. In addition, claims have been added for the method as described in the disclosure at paragraph [00024] and directed to the installation of the system.

With respect to the *Annès* reference, claims 1-5 were rejected as being anticipated by *Annès*. *Annès* discloses a self-leveling manhole system comprising a tubular section represented by reference character 5, as acknowledged by the Examiner, and a frame having upper and lower portions, represented respectively by reference characters 3 and 9 (the Examiner's reference to the upper portion of the frame by reference character "2/35"" is not understood). The lower portion of the frame, according to *Annès*, has a tubular downwardly extending conduit 9, which, as described in the patent at column 5, line 20-21, "is integrally formed with the frame 3". In addition, the lower portion 9 does not include any inclined wall.

Claim 6 is directed to a self-leveling system which comprises a tubular section and a frame having an upper portion and a lower portion. The frame is free to displace vertically and

Appln. No. 10/636,057

Amdt. Dated Sept. 20, 2004

Reply of Office Action of June 16, 2004

angularly, and is capable of sliding along an external wall of the tubular section. The lower

portion of the frame has an inclined wall which allows the frame to be capable of positioning

itself at an angle relative to the axis of the tubular section when the ground moves. Thus, the

frame of the invention adjusts itself naturally upon movement of the ground, while the tubular

section does not move.

This feature of the applicant's system is not found in the system disclosed in Annès.

Indeed, since the frame 3 and the tubular conduit 9 of Annès are a one-piece structure, the frame

alone cannot move to adjust itself. Also, contrary to the Examiner's assertion, because of the

integral, one-piece, construction of the frame and tubular section of Annès, vertical movement

extending the length of the tubular section is not possible. The tubular conduit would also have

to move angularly, and since soil around it is compacted, this would not be possible. Thus, a

ground settlement would create a void under one of the inclined bottom walls of the frame,

resulting in the pavement being lowered on one side, leading to damage and a possible break

between the frame and the tubular conduit. This would be a catastrophic result for this system.

The above structural differences between the system according to the invention as

claimed and the system of the Annès patent translate in several advantages. For example, the

applicant's system allows for direct access to the bell, as described in paragraph [00027]. Thus a

camera can be used for inspection and access for maintenance. In addition, the applicant's

system, as claimed, allows for a method of installation wherein the soil around the system is well

compacted prior to installing the frame.

On the contrary, with the system according to the Annès patent, the final stages of the

compacting process are performed on top of the frame which is already installed. Also, the

6

Appln. No. 10/636,057

Amdt. Dated Sept. 20, 2004

Reply of Office Action of June 16, 2004

installation of the frame according to the Annès patent in a sewer located on an inclined road

would present some difficulties such as compacting the soil around an inclined tubular section,

since the tubular section will be moving constantly because of the weight of the frame at its

extremity.

Allowance of claims 6-12 is respectfully requested. If the Examiner believes that a

telephonic interview would be beneficial, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned at

the number listed below.

Respectfully submitted,

Derek V. Forinash

Reg. No. 47,231

CONLEY ROSE, P.C.

P.O. Box 3267

Houston, Texas 77253-3267

(713) 238-8000 (Tel.)

(713) 238-8008 (Fax)

ATTORNEY FOR APPLICANT

7